



Contichrom® overview all-in-one purification equipment with a novel process principle

UCB Slough
November 12th 2012



Contichrom® advantages



ENABLES

- the large volume purification of chemicals and biologics
- the generation of lifecycle extensions for marketed biologics



SAVES

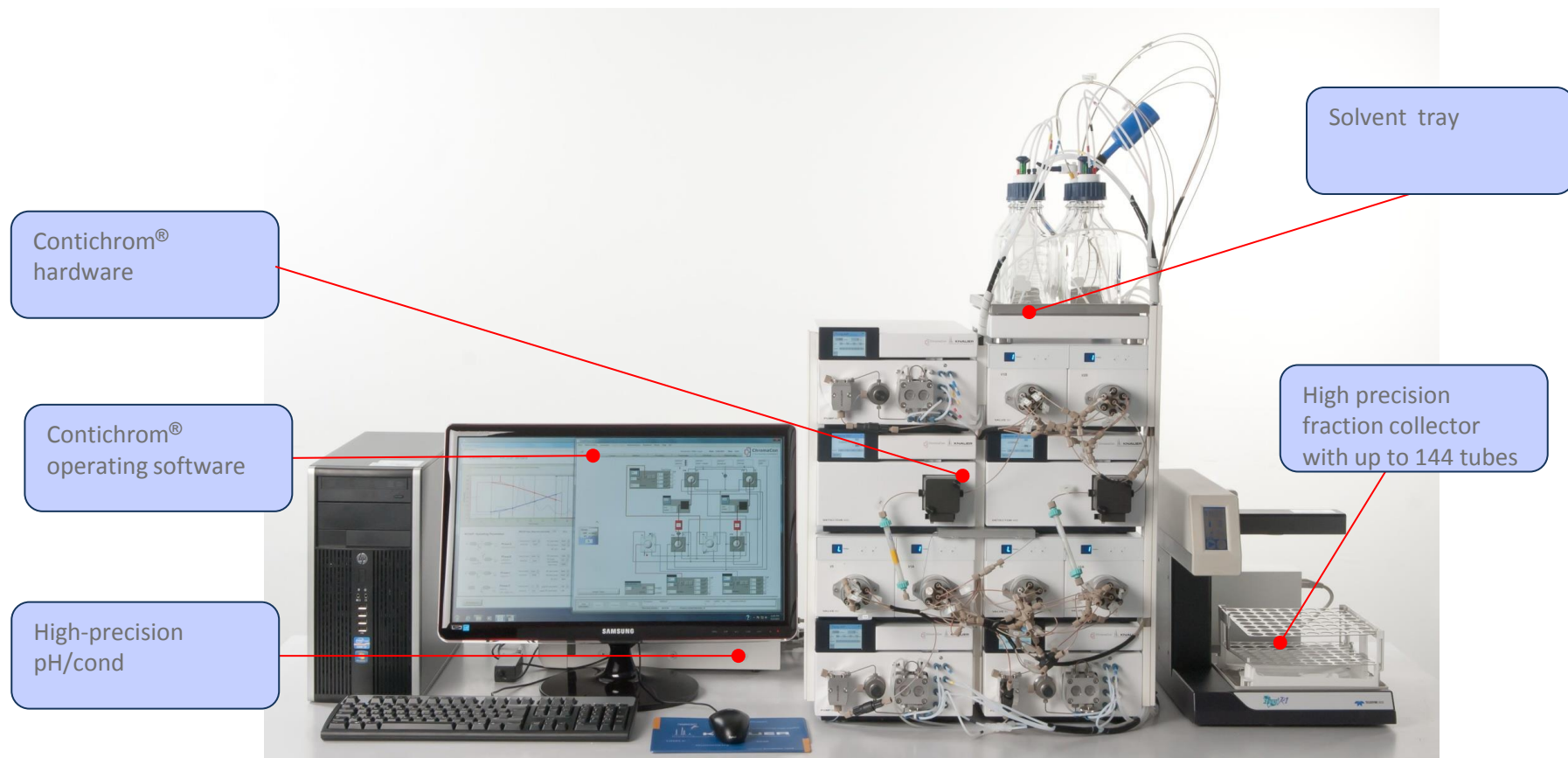
- 30% CAPEX & 50% OPEX
- Purity increase by 50%
- Yield increase by 50%
- Throughput increase 10x
- Buffer reduction -75%



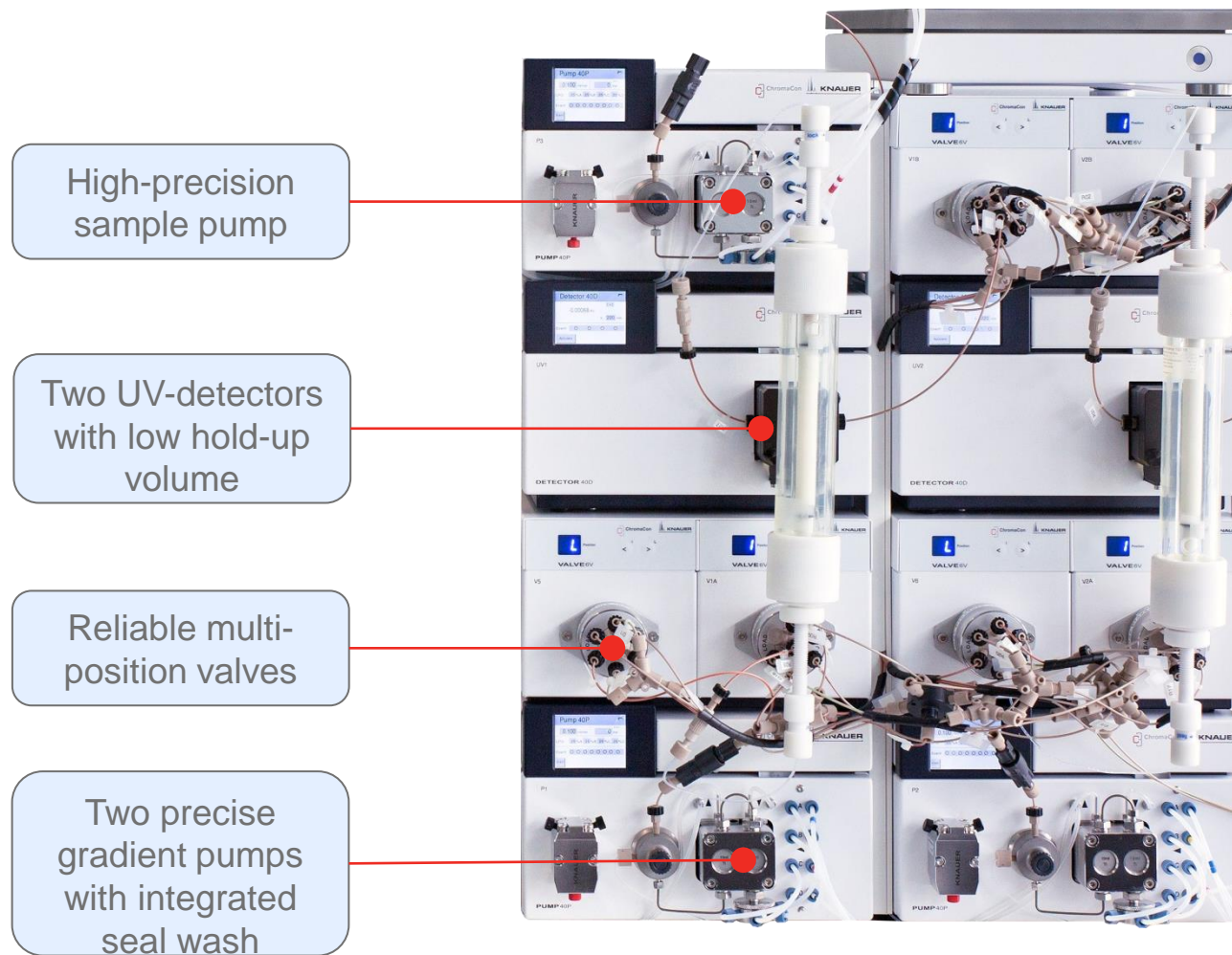
ACCELERATES

- Discovery of leads
- Development retaining product profile at upscaling

Contichrom®: Hardware Overview



Contichrom®: Hardware Overview



Contichrom®: Equipment Lines

Discovery

- Enabling on-line enrichment of lead targets for enhanced discovery via LC-MS/MS



(in development)

Lab-scale

- Cost-competitive, all-in-one process capabilities



(launched
world-wide)



Pilot-scale (GMP)

- High performance process for preclinical and clinical material



(prototype,
launched)

Production-scale (GMP)

- High throughput, reduced CAPEX and COG



(in development)

Contichrom® offerings

- Contichrom® product lines:
 - Lab-10: up to 20g/day
 - Prep-100: up to 200g/day
 - Pilot-500: up to 300kg/year
(for biopharm PhI-III & market, launch Q2 2013)
 - Process scale: with large engineering companies, dedicated to specific customer needs
- Services:
 - Feasibility studies, process development & optimization
 - Trainings, webinars

Some Reference Customers

- BMS, Lonza, Merck-Serono, Merck KGa, Merus, Novartis, NovoNordisk, Pfizer, Roche, Scinopharm, ETHZ, DSM



Eidgenössische Technische Hochschule Zürich
Swiss Federal Institute of Technology Zurich

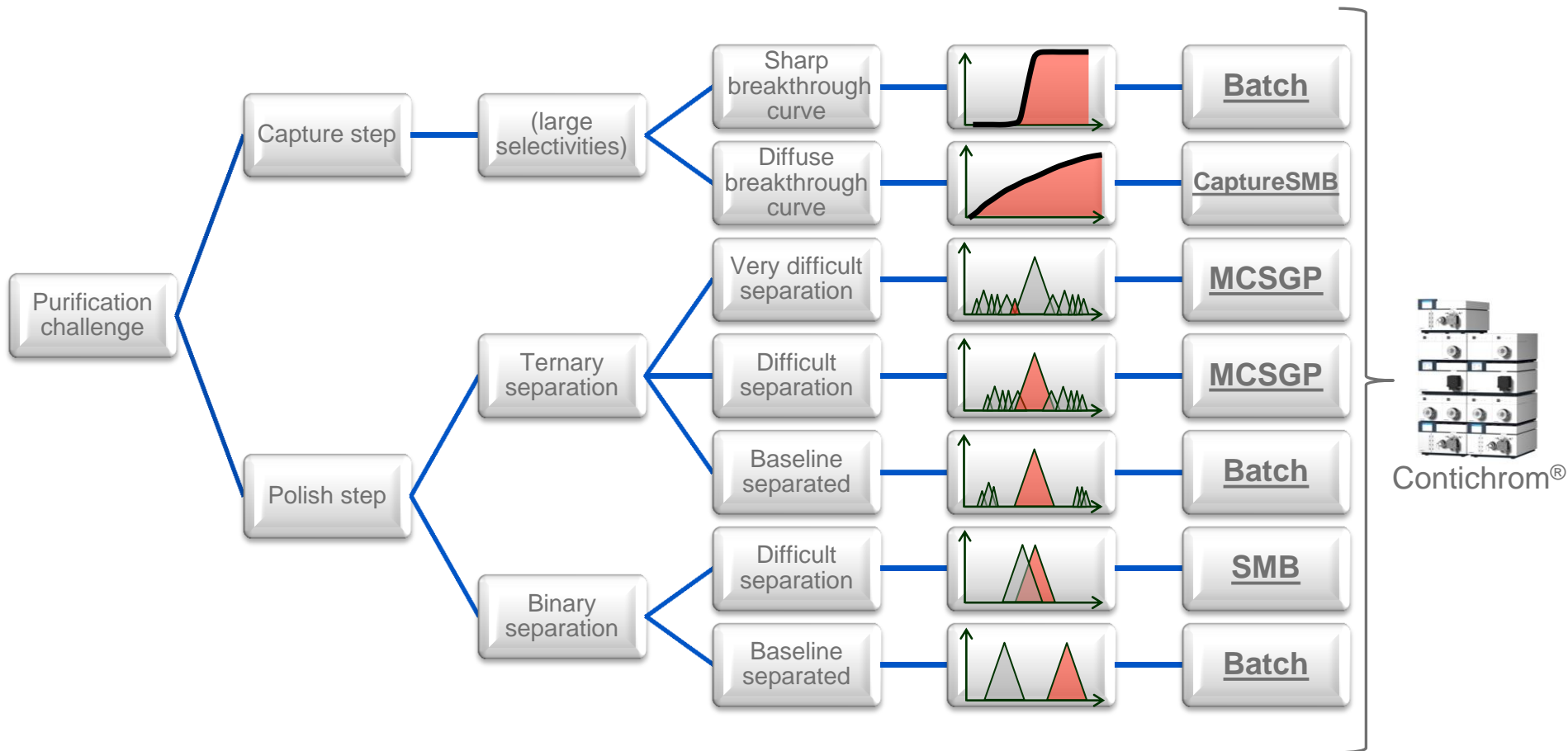




Use of Contichrom®

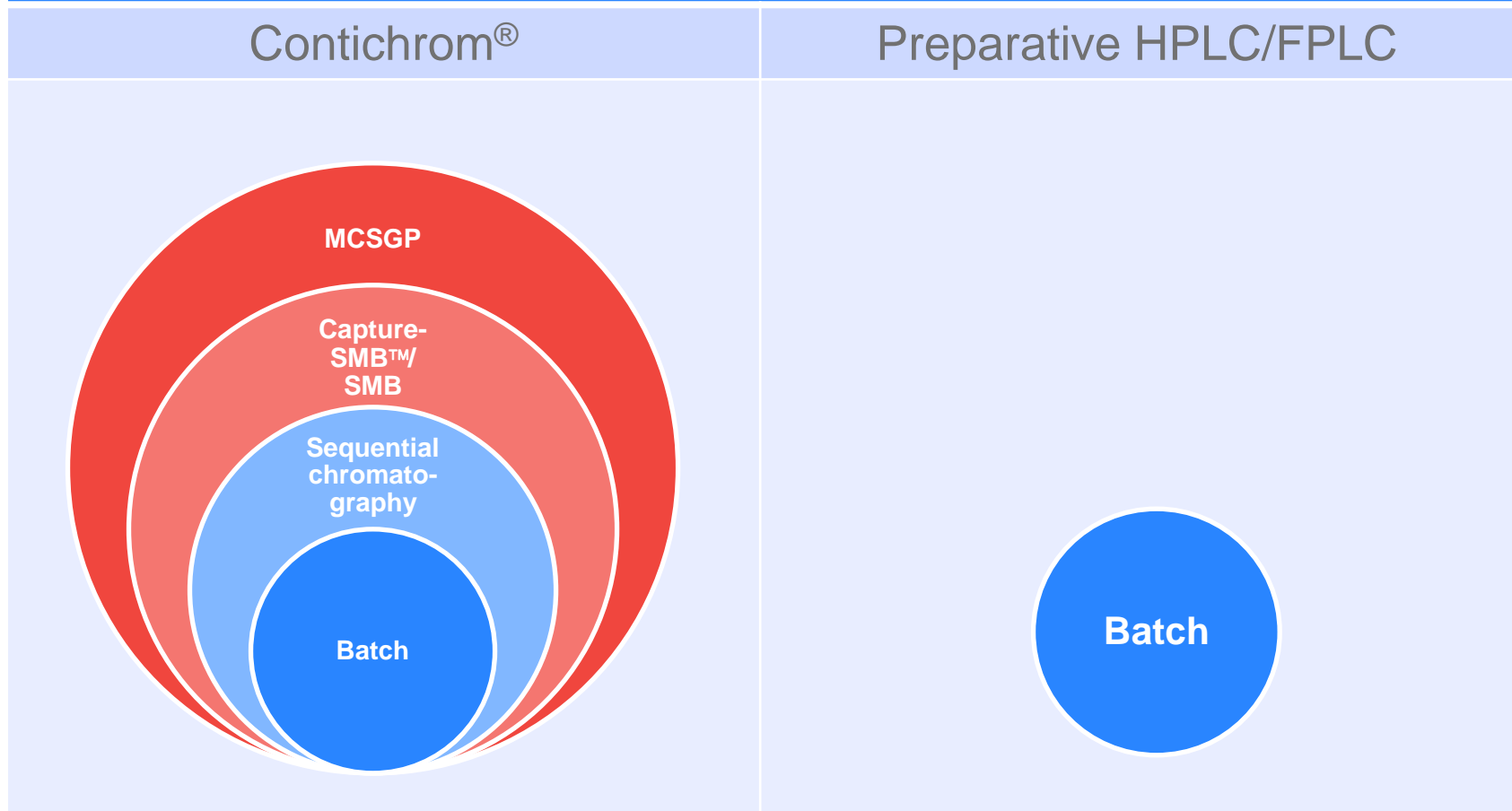


Contichrom®: all-in-one process solutions



Contichrom®: Sales Proposition

All-in-one process capabilities at same price as gold standard



Use of Contichrom®

■ Discovery

- Isolation of leads
- Key driver: speed to lead isolation through enrichment

■ Process development

- Isolation of related impurities
- Fast semi-automated process development
- Key driver: speed and robust process

■ GMP manufacturing

- For clinical trial material and for market supply
- Key drivers: Compliance, Quality/reliability, CAPEX, OPEX

Application of Contichrom: product classes

Small molecules

- Pharma
 - Synthetic peptides, chiral molecules, macrolides
 - Antibiotics
 - Complex API
- Nutraceuticals/Food
 - Fatty acids, Flavonoids, Polyphenols, Sweeteners
- Industrial biotech
 - Fatty acids, monomers, organic acids
- Chemical intermediates
- Metals (REE)
- Natural extracts

Proteins

- Recombinant bio-pharmaceuticals
- Monoclonal antibodies (mAbs)
 - Antibody capture with CaptureSMB
 - Antibody polish with MCSGP
 - Aggregate removal
- 2nd generation products
 - Biosimilars
 - Antibody isoforms
 - Bispecific antibodies
 - PEGylated and conjugated proteins
- Blood plasma products

Compatibility of Contichrom®

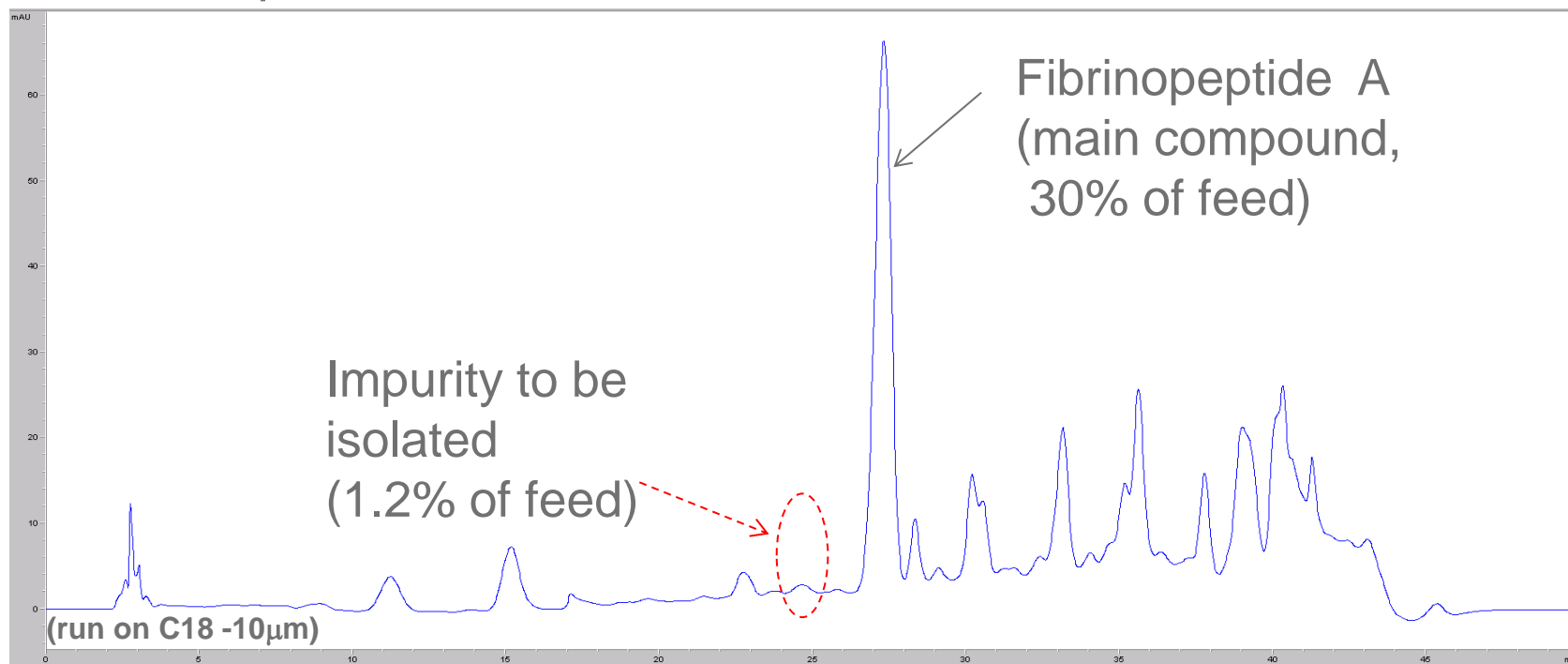
- Contichrom® can be used with all chromatographic modes, e.g.
 - RP
 - CIEEX
 - AIEEX
 - HIC
 - mixed-mode
 - SEC
 - Affinity
 - ...

Contichrom® for discovery

- Applications in Discovery and in the isolation of product-related impurities:
 - The MCSGP process allows selective enrichment of a defined region of the chromatogram
 - The enriched fraction can be isolated for functional characterization or analyzed directly online using mass spectrometry analysis

Impurity isolation using Contichrom® (MCSGP)

- Aim: Isolate weakly adsorbing impurity of Fibrinopeptide A using preparative RP chromatography
- Options:
 - Batch chromatography process
 - MCSGP process



Impurity isolation using Contichrom® (MCSGP)

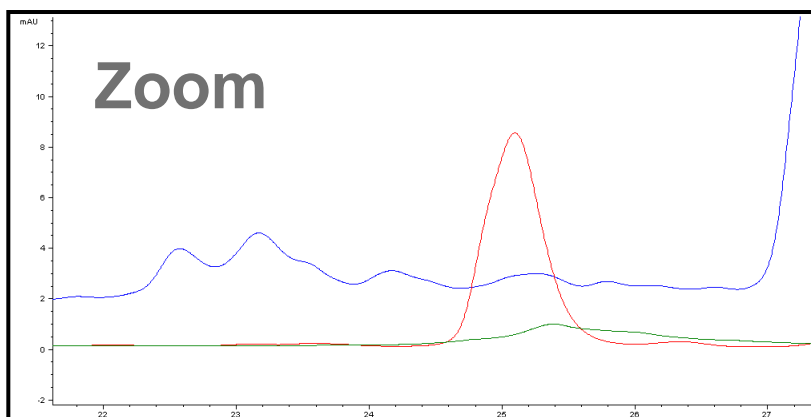
- Fibrinopeptide A: Analytical chromatograms showing feed, purest side component fractions of batch and MCSGP process



Impurity isolation using Contichrom® (MCSGP)

- Process performance (Fibrinopeptide A case)

Process	Purity	Concentration factor	Enrichment factor (w.r. to main compound)
MCSGP	> 80%	10x	>600x
Batch	< 20%	1x	n.a. (purity too low)



Blue: Feed

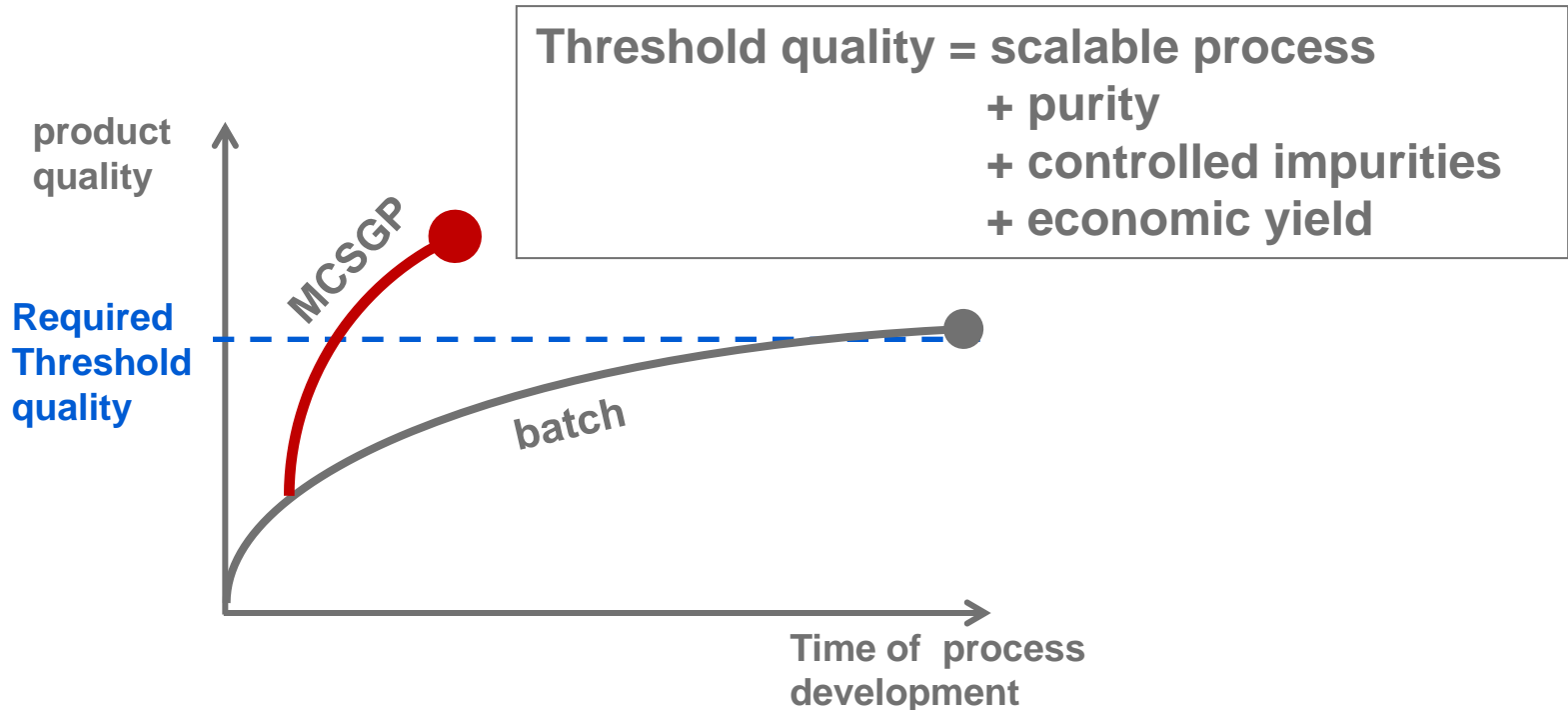
Red: Side component by MCSGP

Green: Side component by batch

Contichrom® in Process Development

- Process development is done with the aim of developing fast a robust process that is scalable
- With Contichrom®, PD can be shortened:
 - No need for time- consuming screening as the starting point is a simple non-optimized batch column step that is inherently optimized in the MCSGP mode
 - Automated process conversion from batch to MCSGP yielding superior **process quality features**
 - **The MCSGP process** is easily scalable and robust and can level out upstream process variability by providing a constant product profile
 - Small particle size resins can be employed for higher resolution from small scale to large scale useful for separating aggregates and related impurities

Contichrom® process development



In order to achieve a required threshold quality with an optimized batch process, extensive process development has to be performed. Switching to MCSGP from a simple, non-optimized batch process yields a superior product quality in a shorter time



Case study:

CaptureSMB® with Protein A on Contichrom®

Executive summary

Using a twin column process (CaptureSMB®) with Contichrom® equipment instead of a single column process for Protein A capture steps has significant advantages:


- Higher loading velocities shortening the transit time for the capture step by 200%
- Optimal use of Protein A resin capacity leading to a resin cost saving of 50%

Abstract

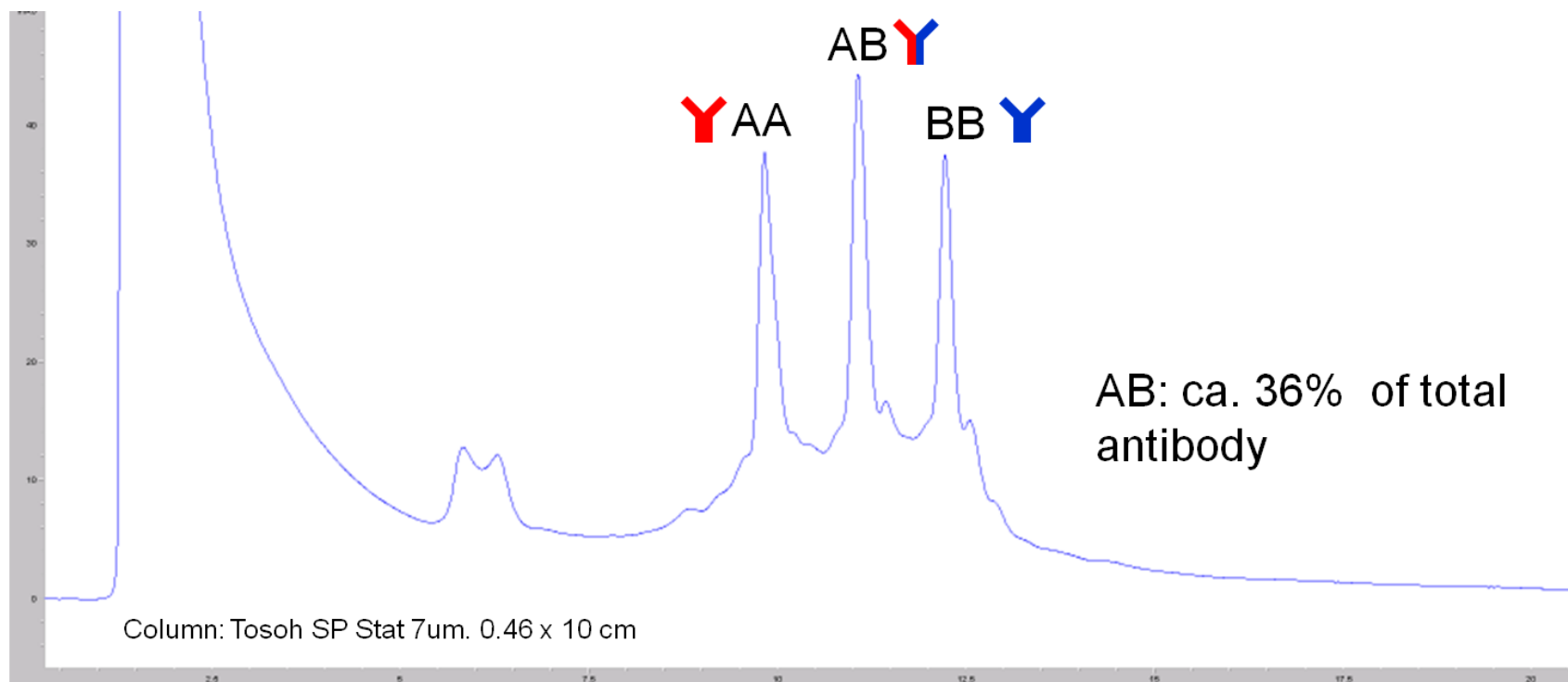
- A twin column CaptureSMB® process with JSR's Amsphere™ Protein A media for a cell culture supernatant was successfully executed
- Amsphere™ Protein A is a small particle, pressure resistant material, suitable for high-velocity applications
- Contichrom® equipment was used with a feed flow rate of 300 cm/h
- CaptureSMB® has improved resin capacity utilization by more than 200%
- Excellent yield of mAb: 99%
- Buffer consumption reduced by more than 50%
- Significant productivity advantages of CaptureSMB® expected at higher loading flow velocities

Process	mAb Pool Concentration	Load per column volume	Ratio of load to static capacity	Buffer consumption
	[mg/mL]	[mg/mL]	[%]	[L/g]
CaptureSMB®	7.3	36.5	90%	0.29
Batch	3.3	16.3	40%	0.65

Bi-specific mAb purification

- Partner:  merus
- Purification of a common light chain bispecific antibody using Contichrom (MCSGP)

Purification challenge

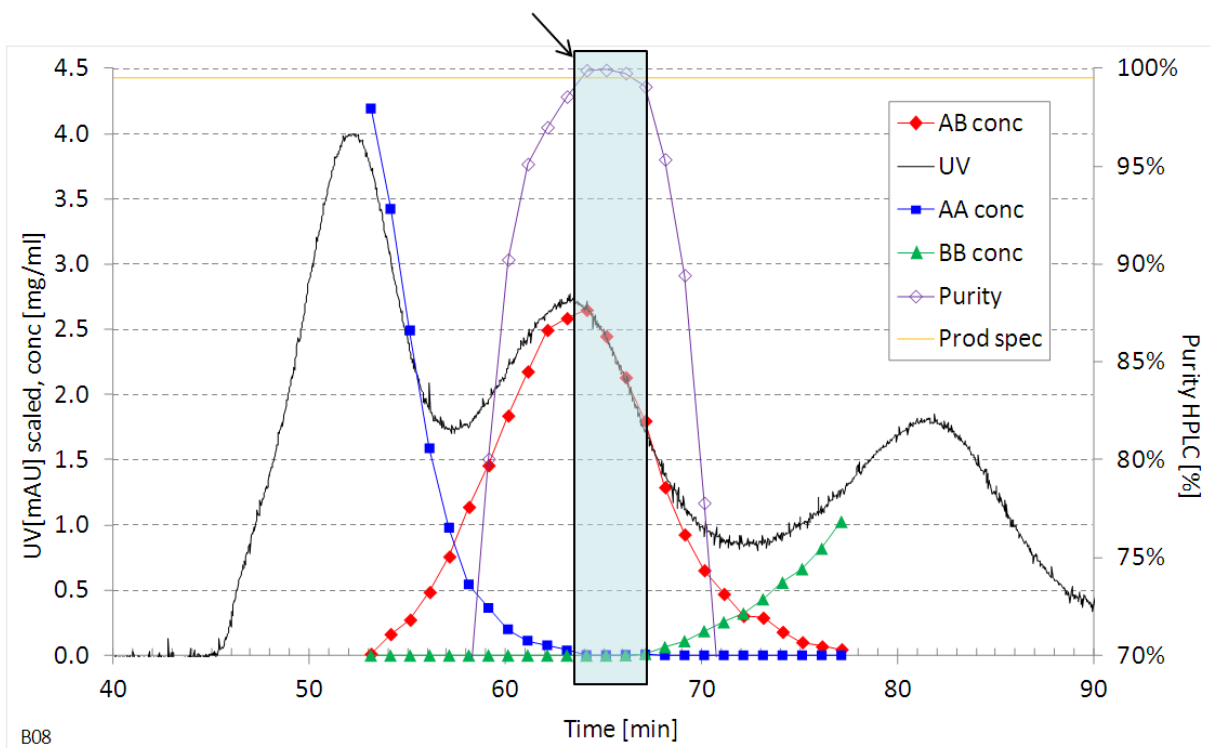


AB: ca. 36% of total antibody

(Representative analytical chromatogram (CIEX) of the clarified harvest)

Purification challenge

- Preparative overloaded run (0.5 x 15 cm column, Poros 50HS)
- Only a small fraction of the product is in specification!

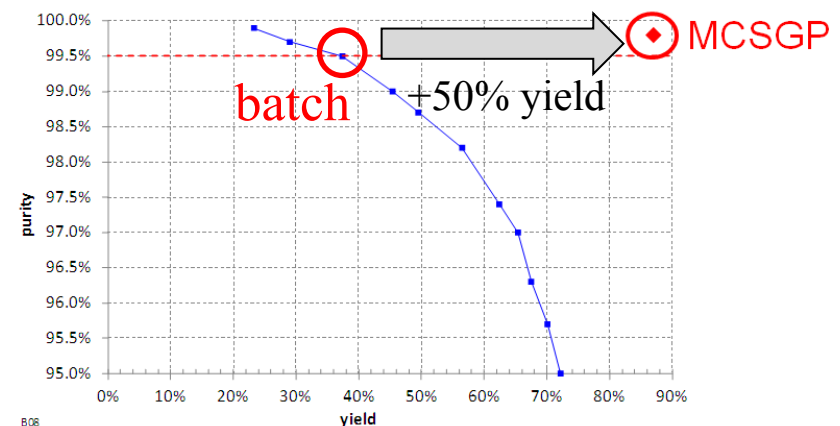
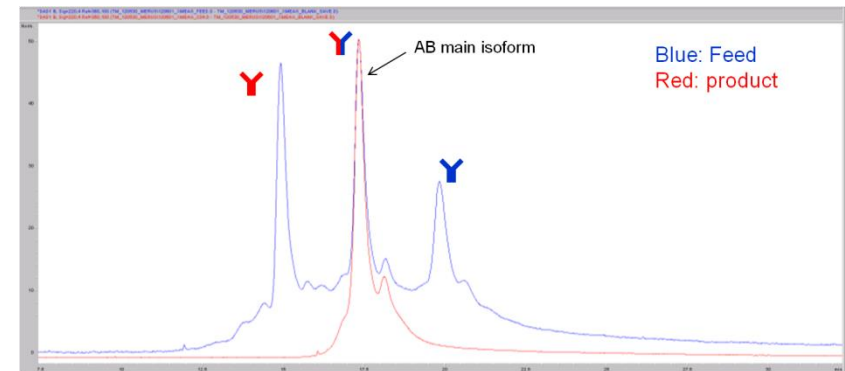


Contichrom® (MCSGP) performance

Contichrom® (MCSGP):

- delivers high purity >99.5%

- increases yield by 50%
 - batch yield: 37%
 - MCSGP yield: 87%

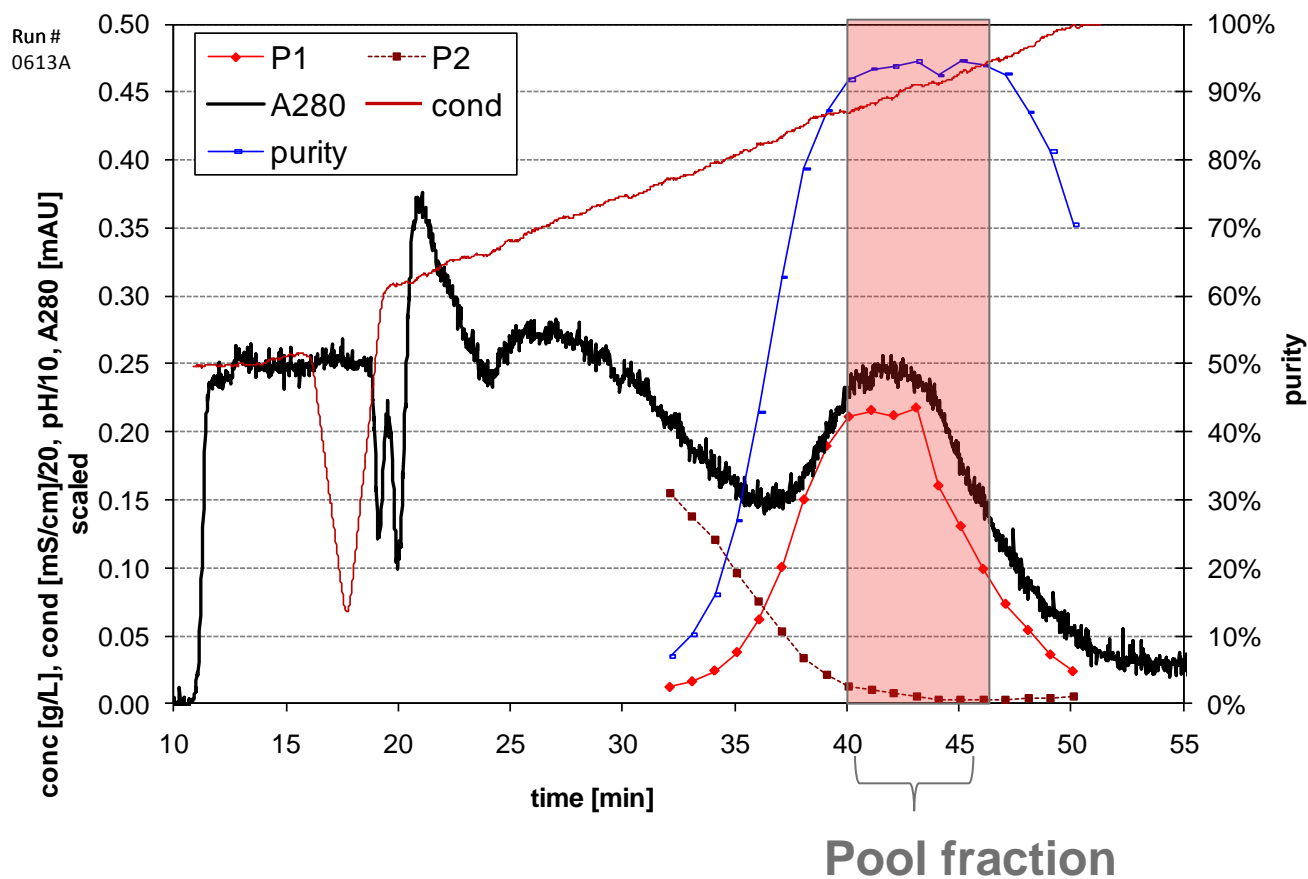


Purification of PEGylated proteins

- Preparative separation with ALEX
- Separation of mono-PEGylated protein from multi- and un-PEGylated protein
- Model system

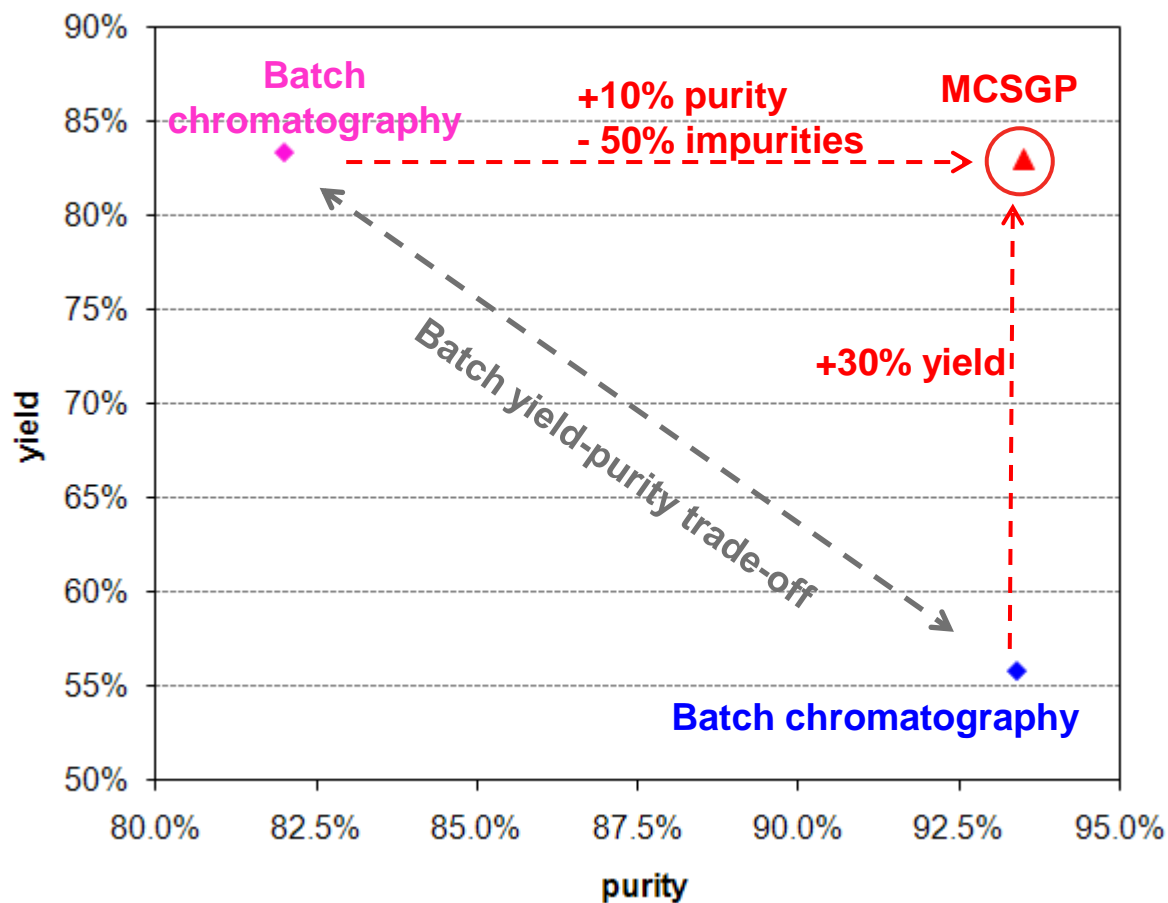
Preparative ALEX Separation – batch

- Linear gradient elution, single column, load 4.3 g/L



Preparative ALEX Separation – comparison


- Contichrom® significantly increases the yield at high purity





Application

Peptide Purification

- Acknowledgments:

 **Bristol-Myers Squibb**

 **ChromaCon®**
A new dimension in purification

 **K A I**
PHARMACEUTICALS

**Purification of a therapeutic peptide by
continuous chromatography (MCSGP)**

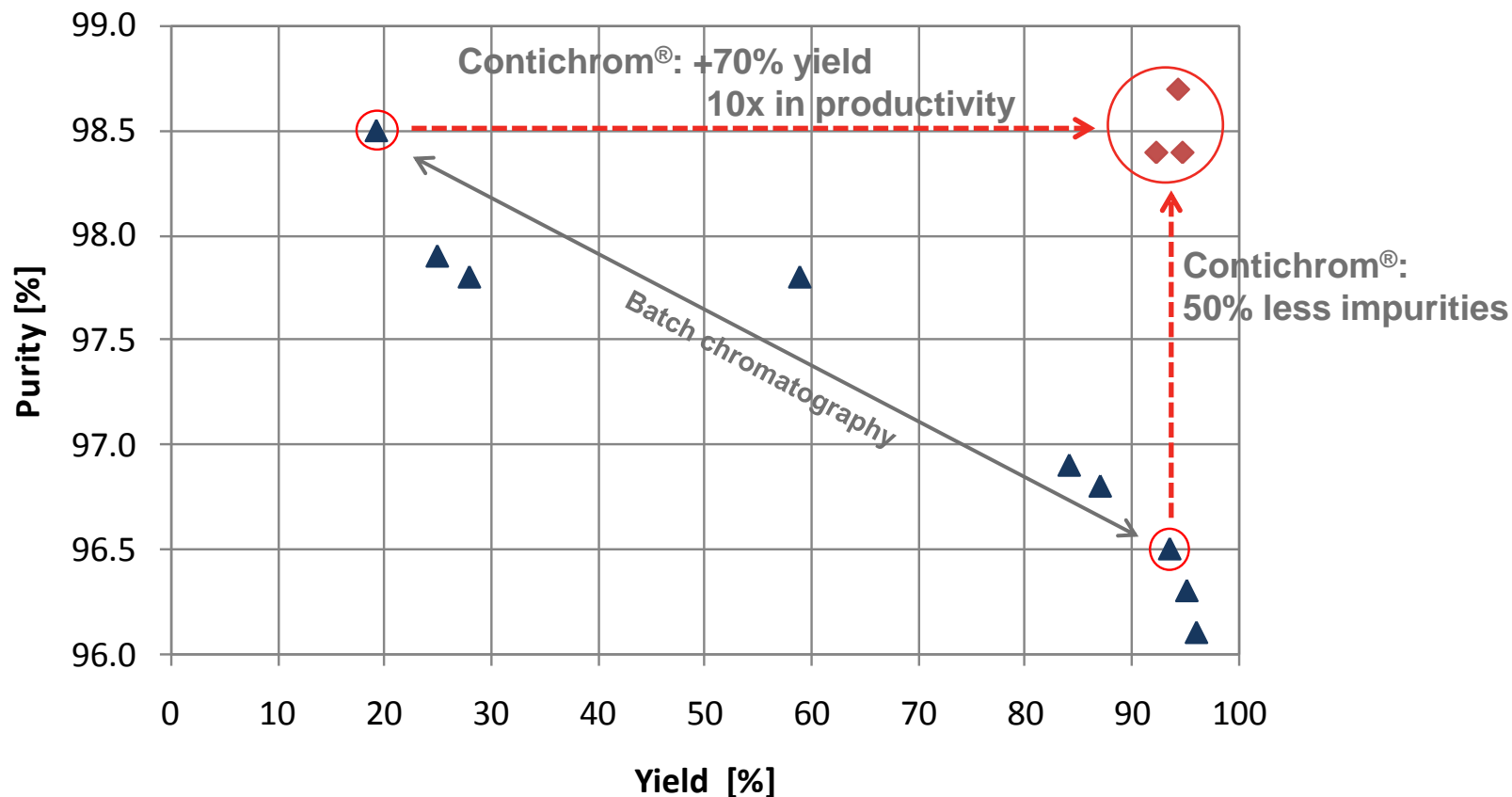
Thomas Müller-Späh¹, Guido Ströhlein¹, Olav Lyngberg², Derek Maclean³

¹ChromaCon AG, Technoparkstr. 1, 8005 Zurich, Switzerland
²Bristol-Myers Squibb, Process R&D, 1 Squibb Drive, New Brunswick, NJ 08903, USA
³KAI Pharmaceuticals, 270 Littlefield Avenue, South San Francisco, CA 94080, USA

- Aim of project: Purify a peptide from chemical synthesis with high yield and high purity

Comparison: Batch and MCSGP

■ Overview of results





Appendix

Comparison of multi-column, lab-scale system

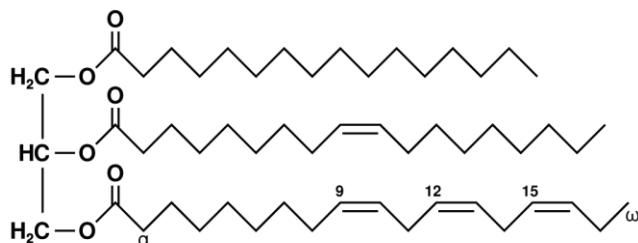
	Contichrom® all-in-one (ChromaCon)	Octave® (Semba Bioscience)	BioSMB® (Tarpon Biosystems)	
No. of columns	2	4 (max. 8)	6 (max. 16)	>90% of applications require only 2 columns
No. of valves	8	72	128	Less hardware increases robustness
Process modes:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CaptureSMB/SMB • MCSGP • Batch • Seq. flowthrough 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CaptureSMB/SMB 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CaptureSMB/SMB 	Contichrom® has all-in-one process capabilities
Misc.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1 gradient pumps • no need for utilities 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • no gradient pumps • requires pressurized N₂ 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • no gradient pumps • requires pressurized air 	more flexibility

ω-3 fatty acid separation

- Fatty acids are useful in for many applications, including in pharmaceuticals, nutraceuticals, food supplements and chemical intermediates
- Often large volumes (multi-tons) at high purity (>80%) are required for the applications
- Classical large-scale purification techniques such as distillation and precipitation are not capable of providing high purity fatty acids
- Comparing available purification technologies, Contichrom® with MCSGP seems to be the only available production technology capable of producing high volume, high purity fatty acid products at reasonable COG

Introduction: Fat, Oil

- Oil (liquid at room temperature), fat (solid at room temperature):

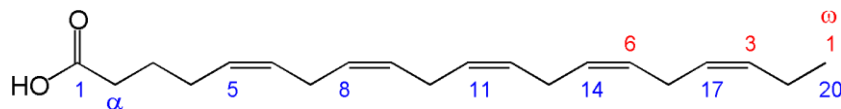


Example of an unsaturated fat triglyceride. Left part: glycerol, right part from top to bottom: palmitic acid, oleic acid, alpha-linolenic acid,

Source: Wikipedia

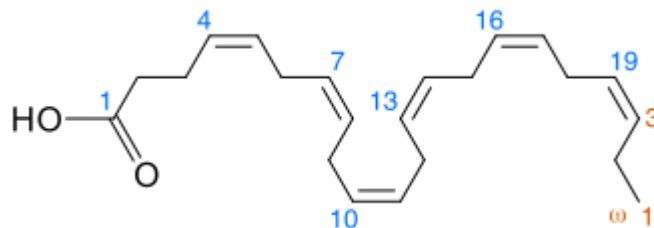
- Major ω -3 fatty acids:

- Eicosapentaenoic acid (EPA): C20:5



The first double bond is located at the third carbon from the methyl end of the fatty acid chain, known as the n end. Thus, EPA acid is a polyunsaturated n -3 (omega-3) fatty acid

- Docosahexaenoic acid (DHA): C22:6



Experimental verification

- Performance summary:

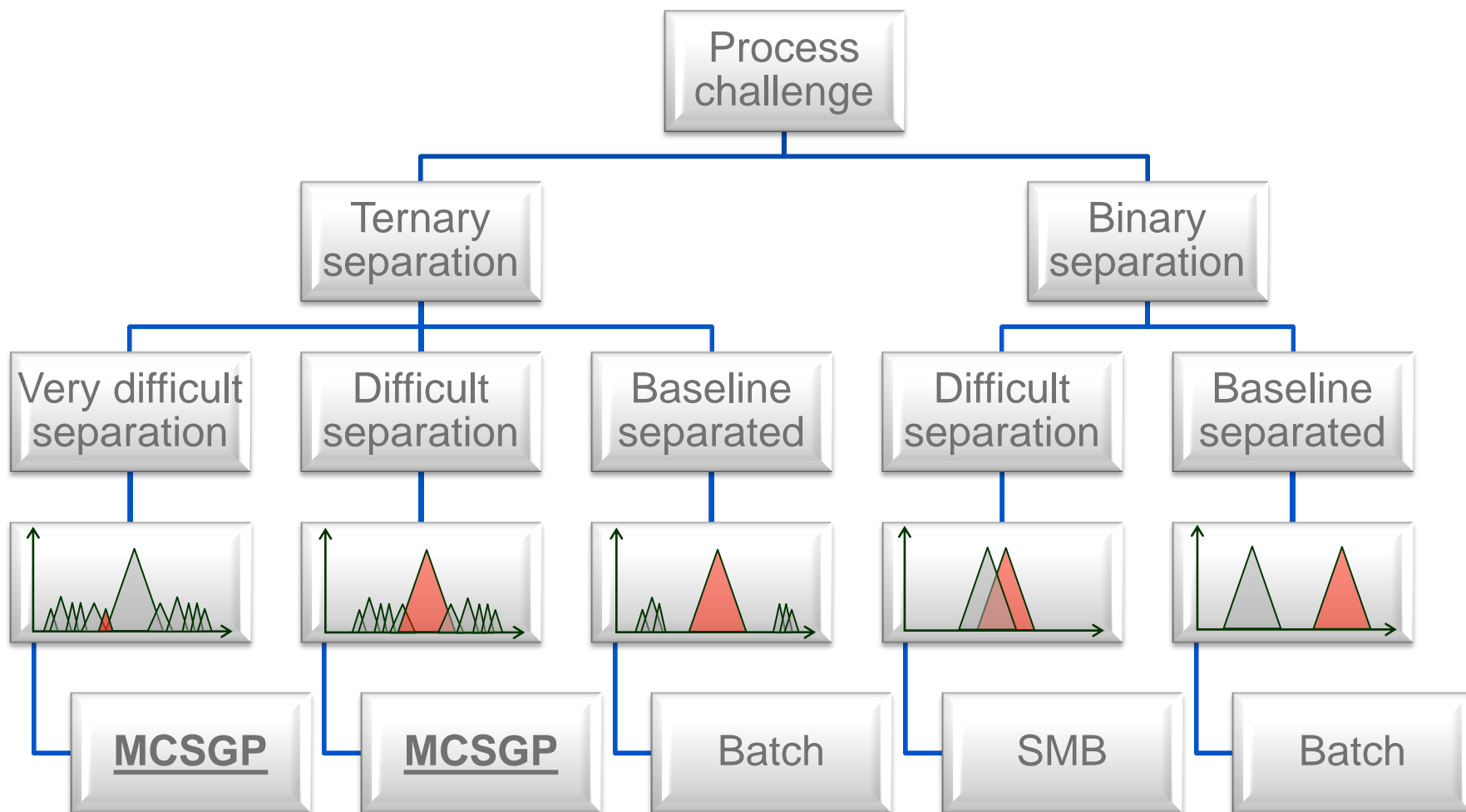
	MCSGP (20 µm resin)	Batch (15 µm resin)	Improvement by MCSGP
Purity [%]	>97%	>97%	
Yield [%]	90%	36%	+ 250%
Productivity (Throughput) [(g product)/(L resin)/(hr operation time)]	65	11	+ 590%
Solvent Consumption [L solvent/g product]	0.8	3.2	- 75%

Purification of EPA: Scale-Up modelling


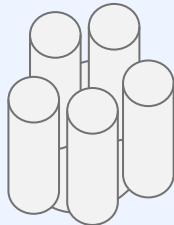
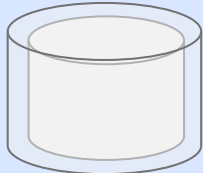
Contichrom® (2 column MCSGP)		Batch
Lab/prep scale (for feasibility)	i.d. 4.5cmx15cm columns, 200kg/year	
Pilot-scale (2 t/year)	i.d. 15cmx15cm columns, solvent: 133m ³ /month	i.d. 45cmx25cm column, solvent: 530m ³ /month
Production-scale (100 t/year)	i.d. 100cmx15cm columns, solvent: 6'700m ³ /month	i.d. 317cmx25cm column, solvent: 26'700m ³ /month

**Column size not
feasible in batch**

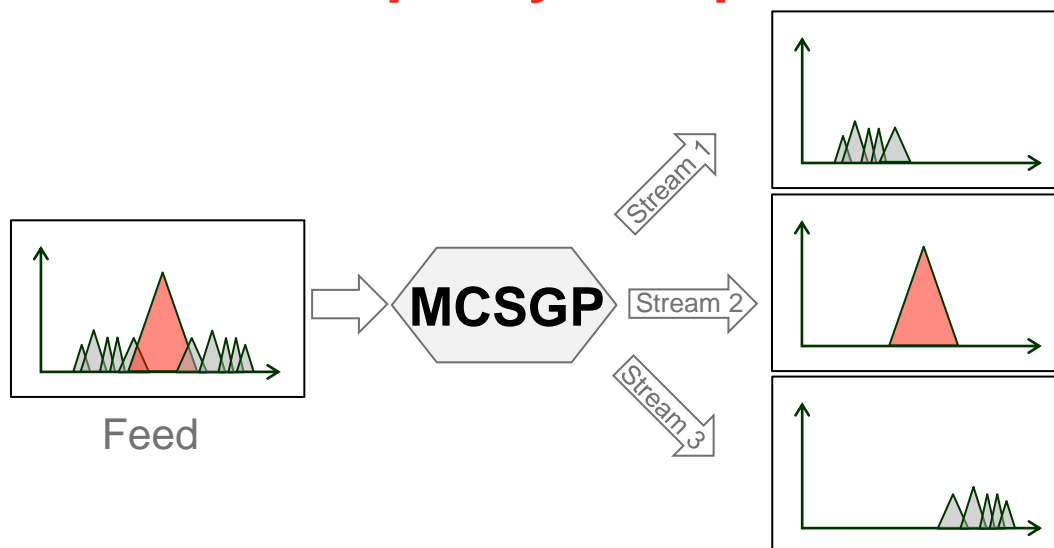
Contichrom®: all-in-one process solutions



Other processes for complex separations

Process	Performance comparison with respect to MCSGP
Batch chromatography 	<p>Relativ to MCSGP, process has</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 2-3x higher buffer consumption • 10x higher stationary phase volume • lower yields and purities
Caroussel 	
Annular chromatography 	

MCSGP can purify complex mixtures in a single step



- Two SMB units needed for the same task: \Rightarrow low throughput, high buffer consumption, large equipment effort

